Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

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Certificate of the Board

Onalaska Independent School District	<u>Polk</u>	<u>187-910</u>
Name of School District	County	CoDist Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached of	annual financial report	ts of the above named school
district were reviewed and approved	disapproved for th	ne fiscal year ended August 31,
2019 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such	school district on the 2	1st day of October, 2019.
		1 /
Totala d. Sallian		July- Weg Gond
Signature of Board Secretary	S	ignature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is/are (attach list as necessary):

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Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District Onalaska, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Onalaska Independent School District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Onalaska Independent School District, as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P.

The Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Onalaska Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information and Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Onalaska Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Tiduell L.L.P.

Conroe, Texas October 15, 2019 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Onalaska Independent School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$32,188 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,544,361 (unrestricted net position) was in a deficit due to the increase in the Districts net pension and OPEB liability.
- The District's total net position increased by \$891,399.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,682,033, an increase of \$1,110,656 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,882,654, or 45 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total net bonded debt decreased by \$648,863.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* (Exhibit B-1) presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and incurred but unpaid interest).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Issuance Costs and Fees, Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements, and Other Intergovernmental Charges.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintained twelve individual governmental funds during the year. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled *other governmental funds*.

The District adopts an annual revenue and appropriations budget for its general fund, debt service fund and national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue fund. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget column. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to the accounting used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents required supplementary information and supplementary information, which includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency. Such information can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As mentioned earlier, net position may, over time, serve as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$32,188 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Onalaska Independent School District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities									
	2019				2018				crease (Decre	ease)
	А	mount	%		Amount	%)		Amount	%
Current and other assets	\$	8,030,023	33	\$	6,714,706		28	\$	1,315,317	20
Capital assets	1	6,601,822	67		17,058,903		72		(457,081)	(3)
Total assets	2	4,631,845	100		23,773,609		100		858,236	
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,077,088	100		1,283,164		100		1,793,924	140
Long-term liabilities outstanding	2	4,224,965	97		22,665,510		98		1,559,455	7
Other liabilities		655,432	3		421,076		2		234,356	56
Total liabilities	2	4,880,397	100		23,086,586		100		1,793,811	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,796,348	100		2,829,398		100		(33,050)	(1)
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets		3,774,255	11,725		3,715,340	(4	432)		58,915	2
Restricted for grants		309,926	963		306,823		(36)		3,103	1
Restricted for debt service		492,368	1,530		257,303		(30)		235,065	91
Unrestricted	(4,544,361)	(14,118)		(5,138,677)	!	598		594,316	(12)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	32,188	100	\$	(859,211)		100	\$	891,399	

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding represents the majority of the District's positive net position. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net position that is restricted for debt service and grants totaled \$802,294 of net position. The *unrestricted net position* of (\$4,544,361) deficit resulted from the increased liability in net pension and OPEB.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$891,399 from current operations. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Onalaska Independent School District's Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities 2019 Increase (Decrease) Amount Amount % Amount % % Revenue: Program revenues: 279.785 2 17,146 7 Charges for services 262 639 2 2,403,868 50.463 2,353,405 Operating grants and contributions 16 4,664 General revenues: Property taxes, levied for general purposes 5,974,256 40 5,702,569 50 271,687 5 (78,724)Property taxes, levied for debt service 1,065,056 7 1,143,780 10 (7) Grants and contributions not restricted 5,191,412 4,226,954 37 964,458 23 to specific programs 34 43,421 Investment earnings 54 124.074 80,653 1 1 Miscellaneous 35,204 92 73,318 38,114 Total revenues 15,111,769 100 11,505,172 100 3,606,597 Expenses: Instruction 7,454,889 4,179,992 47 3,274,897 78 52 Instructional resources and media services 35,736 37,402 (1,666)(4) 199,346 188,930 2 10.416 Curriculum and instructional staff development 1 6 279.848 Instructional leadership 395,893 3 116,045 241 1 320.601 431,891 School leadership 752,492 5 5 74 Guidance, counseling, and evaluation 76,817 services 189,725 112,908 1 1 68 Health services 113,853 91,297 22,556 25 1 1 87,904 Student transportation 551,406 4 463,502 5 19 7 461,113 89 Food services 978,141 517,028 6 119,599 667,237 5 22 Extracurricular activities 547,638 6 302,275 180,757 General administration 483,032 3 2 167 Plant maintenance and operations 1,244,693 9 126,882 1,117,811 12 11 60,956 Security and monitoring services 85,618 1 24,662 247 2 2 96,234 Data processing services 302,715 206,481 47 (157,739)Interest on long-term debt 401,693 3 559,432 6 (28)Issuance costs and fees 1,000 1,000 Facilities repair and maintenance 19,725 (19,725)(100)Payments related to shared services arrangements 214,278 2 192,878 3 21.400 11 Other intergovernmental charges 148,623 1 114,812 1 33,811 29 Total expenses 14,220,370 100 9,104,191 100 5,116,179 Change in net position 891,399 2,400,981 (1,509,582)(8,015,676) Net position - beginning, as originally reported (859,211) 7,156,465 Prior period adjustment - implement GASB 75 for OPEB (a) 10,416,657 (10,416,657)Net position (deficit) - beginning, as restated (859,211) (3,260,192)2,400,981 Net position (deficit) - ending 32,188 (859,211)891,399

⁽a) The restatement of the beginning net position is the result of the Distict implementing GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. The implementation is discussed previously in MD&A.

Revenues are generated primarily from two sources. Grants and contributions (program and general revenues totaling \$7,595,280) represent 50 percent of total revenues, and property taxes (\$7,039,312) represent 47 percent of total revenues. The remaining 3 percent is generated from investment earnings, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues. The most significant change in revenues is the increase in state funding from an increase in students and special one-time allocations.

The primary functional expenses of the District are instruction (\$7,454,889) which represents 52 percent of total expenses. The remaining functional categories of expenses are individually 9 percent or less of total expenditures.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,682,033 an increase of \$1,110,656 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$5,123,887 and unassigned fund balance was \$4,882,654. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 45 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 47 percent of the same amount. The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$1,002,396 during the current fiscal year primarily due to increase in state allotment and special one-time allotments.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$1,172,307, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District amends the budget as needed throughout the year.

There were no significant differences between the originally adopted budget and the final amended budget.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2019, amounts to \$16,601,822 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress.

Onalaska Independent School District's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

Governmental Act	tivities
------------------	----------

		2019			2018		Increase (Decrease)		
		Amount		Amount		%		%	
Land and improvements	\$	129,553	1	\$	129,553	1	\$	-	-
Buildings and improvements		15,859,870	95		16,456,431	96		(596,561)	(4)
Furniture and equipment		612,399	4		472,919	3		139,480	29
Totals	\$	16,601,822	100	\$	17,058,903	100	\$	(457,081)	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of a 27 passenger bus \$72,428.
- Purchase of dishwasher \$44,473.
- Purchase of freezer \$30,673.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Long-term Liabilities. At year-end, the District had the following long-term liabilities:

Onalaska Independent School District's Long-term Liabilities Outstanding

	Governmental Activities									
	2019				2018			Increase (Decrease)		
	Amount		Amount %		Amount	%		Amount	%	
General obligation bonds (net)	\$	13,263,537	55	\$	13,912,400	62	\$	(648,863)	(5)	
Note payable		524,665	2		560,413	2		(35,748)	(6)	
Net pension liability		4,142,789	17		2,252,182	10		1,890,607	84	
Net OPEB liability		6,293,974	26		5,940,515	26		353,459	6	
Totals	\$	24,224,965	100	\$	22,665,510	100	\$	1,559,455		

The District's net bonded debt decreased by \$648,863 (5 percent) during the current fiscal year as a result of scheduled debt payments. Note payable decreased by \$35,748 (6 percent) during the current fiscal year as a result of scheduled payments. The District's general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District and is further guaranteed by the Texas Permanent School Fund Guarantee Program. State statutes do not limit the tax rate or amount for the support of school districts' bonded indebtedness. However, approval of the Attorney General of the State of Texas is required prior to the sale of bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt, net pension liability and OPEB liability can be found in the notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Current enrollment (2018-2019) totals 1,125 students, which is a decrease from 1,132 students in the prior year.
- District staff totals 183 employees in 2018-2019, which includes 82 teachers and 34 teachers' aides and secretaries.
- The District maintains two campuses for instruction.
- The unemployment rate for the County is currently 5 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 5.2 percent a year ago. This compares unfavorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 3.5 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 4.0 percent a year ago.
- Property values of the District are projected to increase 18 percent in the 2019-2020 fiscal year from the prior fiscal year.
- A maintenance and operations tax rate of \$.9900 and a debt service tax rate of \$0.188900 a total of \$1.1789 were adopted for 2019-2020. Preceding year rates were \$1.06, and \$0.188900 for a total of \$1.2489, respectively.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund increased to \$4,882,654. The District plans to utilize unassigned fund balance to fund current expenditures prior to collecting the current year tax levy.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Manager, Onalaska Independent School District, P.O. Box 2289, Onalaska, Texas, 77360.

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Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit A-1

Statement of Net Position August 31, 2019

1

Data Control		Primary Government Governmental
Codes		Activities
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,332,498
1220	Property taxes receivable	753,429
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(37,672)
1240	Due from other governments	887,736
1290	Other receivables	46,386
1300	Inventories	47,646
	Capital assets, not being depreciated:	
1510	Land and improvements	129,553
1520	Buildings and improvements (net)	15,859,870
1530	Furniture and equipment (net)	612,399
1000	Total assets	24,631,845
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705	Deferred outflows - pension	2,369,420
1706	Deferred outflows - OPEB	516,329
1710	Deferred charge on refunding	191,339
1700	Total deferred outflows of resources	3,077,088
	LIABILITIES	
2110	Accounts payable	54,095
2140	Interest payable	23,199
2160	Accrued wages payable	551,274
2180	Due to other governments	26,864
	Noncurrent liabilities:	
2501	Due within one year	651,590
2502	Due in more than one year	13,136,612
2540	Net pension liabilities	4,142,789
2545	Net OPEB liabilities	6,293,974
2000	Total liabilities	24,880,397
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred inflows - pension	227,028
2606	Deferred inflows - OPEB	2,569,320
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	2,796,348
	NET POSITION	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	3,774,255
3820	Restricted for grants	309,926
3850	Restricted for debt service	492,368
3900	Unrestricted	(4,544,361)
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 32,188

Onalaska Independent School District Statement of Activities

Exhibit B-1

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

		1		3 Program	4 Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Data					Operating	
Control	F " (B	_		arges for	Grants and	Governmental
Codes	Functions/Programs PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Expenses		ervices	Contributions	Activities
	Governmental activities:					
0011	Instruction	\$ 7,454,889	\$		\$ 1,013,736	\$ (6,441,153)
0011	Instructional resources and media services	35,736	Ψ	_	ψ 1,013,730 -	(35,736)
0012	Curriculum and instructional staff development	199,346		_	76,096	(123,250)
0013	Instructional leadership	395,893		_	191,967	(203,926)
0023	School leadership	752,492		_	46,751	(705,741)
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	189,725		_	12,432	(177,293)
0033	Health services	113,853		_	6,399	(107,454)
0034	Student transportation	551,406		-	19,853	(531,553)
0035	Food services	978,141		77,410	922,663	21,932
0036	Extracurricular activities	667,237		202,375	22,958	(441,904)
0041	General administration	483,032		-	16,226	(466,806)
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	1,244,693		_	26,425	(1,218,268)
0052	Security and monitoring services	85,618		-	-	(85,618)
0053	Data processing services	302,715		-	15,206	(287,509)
0072	Interest on long-term debt	401,693			33,156	(368,537)
0073	Issuance costs and fees	1,000		_	-	(1,000)
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	214,278		-	_	(214,278)
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	148,623		-	_	(148,623)
						(1.10,020)
TG	Total governmental activities	14,220,370		279,785	2,403,868	(11,536,717)
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 14,220,370	\$	279,785	\$ 2,403,868	(11,536,717)
	General revenues:					
MT	Property taxes, levied for general					5,974,256
DT	Property taxes, levied for debt se					1,065,056
GC	Grants and contributions not restr	icted to specific p	orogra	ms		5,191,412
IE 	Investment earnings					124,074
MI	Miscellaneous					73,318
TR	Total general revenues					12,428,116
CN	Change in net position					891,399
NB	Net position - beginning					(859,211)
NE	NET POSITION - ENDING					\$ 32,188

Onalaska Independent School DistrictBalance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds August 31, 2019

			199		599
Data Control				De	ebt Service
Codes		Ge	eneral Fund		Fund
	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,811,141	\$	1,171,073
1220	Property taxes receivable		640,298		113,131
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(32,015)		(5,657)
1240	Due from other governments		706,459		-
1260	Due from other funds		149,875		-
1290	Other receivables		44,452		1,234
1300	Inventories		-		-
1000	Total assets		6,320,210		1,279,781
1000a	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	6,320,210	\$	1,279,781
	LIABILITIES				
2110	Accounts payable	\$	37,956	\$	-
2160	Accrued wages payable		523,220		-
2170	Due to other funds		-		-
2180	Due to other governments		26,864		-
2000	Total liabilities		588,040		-
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2600	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		608,283		107,474
	Total deferred inflows of resources		608,283		107,474
	FUND BALANCES				
3450	Restricted - grant funds		-		-
3480	Restricted - debt service		-		1,172,307
3545	Committed - other		241,233		-
3600	Unassigned		4,882,654		-
3000	Total fund balances		5,123,887		1,172,307
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,				
	AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,320,210	\$	1,279,781

N	Total onmajor Funds	Go	98 Total vernmental Funds
\$	350,284 - - - 181,277 -	\$	6,332,498 753,429 (37,672) 887,736 149,875
	700 47,646		46,386 47,646
	579,907		8,179,898
\$	579,907	\$	8,179,898
\$	16,139 28,054 149,875	\$	54,095 551,274 149,875 26,864
	194,068		782,108
	-		715,757
	-		715,757
	309,926 - 75,913 -		309,926 1,172,307 317,146 4,882,654
	385,839		6,682,033
\$	579,907	\$	8,179,898

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Exhibit C-1R

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position August 31, 2019

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT C-1)

6,682,033

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:

Governmental capital assets costs	\$ 24,709,137	
Accumulated depreciation of governmental capital assets	(8,107,315)	16,601,822

Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

715.757

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, note payable, and net pension and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:

Bonds payable, at original par	\$ (11,159,754)	
Premium on bonds payable	(1,334,487)	
Accreted interest	(769,296)	
Accrued interest on the bonds	(18,117)	
Note payable	(524,665)	
Accrued interest on note payable	(5,082)	
Net pension liability	(4,142,789)	
Net OPEB liability	(6,293,974)	(24,248,164)

Deferred charge on refunding is reported as a deferred outflow in the statement of net position and it is not reported in the funds due to it is not a current financial resource available to pay for current expenditures.

191,339

Deferred outflows of resources for pension represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

2,369,420

Deferred inflows of resources for pension represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

(227,028)

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

516,329

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

(2,569,320)

TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT A-1)

32,188

\$

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

		199	599
Data Control			Debt Service
Codes		General Fund	Fund
	REVENUES		
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 6,193,927	\$ 1,078,779
5800	State program revenues	5,447,832	33,156
5900	Federal program revenues	214,272	
5020	Total revenues	11,856,031	1,111,935
	EXPENDITURES		
	Current:		
0011	Instruction	6,316,065	-
0012	Instructional resources and media services	12,876	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	108,441	-
0021	Instructional leadership	178,903	-
0023	School leadership	666,262	-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	164,344	-
0033	Health services	102,501	-
0034	Student transportation	521,171	-
0035	Food services	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	339,612	-
0041	General administration	456,876	-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	1,211,758	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	83,695	-
0053	Data processing services	279,576	-
0071	Debt service:	25.740	(05.000
0071	Principal on long-term debt	35,748	605,000
0072	Interest on long-term debt	12,906	417,995
0073	Issuance costs and fees	-	1,000
0000	Intergovernmental:	214 270	
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	214,278	-
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	148,623	
6030	Total expenditures	10,853,635	1,023,995
1200	Net change in fund balances	1,002,396	87,940
0100	Fund balances - beginning	4,121,491	1,084,367
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 5,123,887	\$ 1,172,307

Total Nonmajor Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 274,182 199,112 1,379,764	\$ 7,546,888 5,680,100 1,594,036		
1,853,058	14,821,024		
510,413 - 71,290 144,012 - - - 2,944 931,118 172,961 - - -	6,826,478 12,876 179,731 322,915 666,262 164,344 102,501 524,115 931,118 512,573 456,876 1,211,758 83,695 279,576		
- - -	640,748 430,901 1,000 214,278		
1,832,738	148,623		
20,320	1,110,656		
365,519	5,571,377		
\$ 385,839	\$ 6,682,033		

Exhibit C-3

1,110,656

431,115

(84,391)

(353,459)

(6,735)

891,399

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

TOTAL NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT C-2)

TOTAL NET CHANGES IN TOND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXTIBIL C-2)			Φ	1,110,030
Amounts reported for gov emmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Capital outlays are reported in gov ernmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activit the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation exp		·.		
Capital assets increased Depreciation expense	\$	263,224 (720,305)		(457,081)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.				(30,399)
Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				640,748
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the government funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due, and includes amortization of related long-term debt accounts. The changes reported in the statement of activities consists of the following:	ntal			
Accrued interest on current interest bonds payable (increased) decreased Accrued interest on notes payable (increased) decreased Interest accreted on the capital appreciation bonds (increased) decreased Amortization of bond premium and discount (increased) decreased Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (increased) decreased	\$	358 346 (50,019) 93,882 (15,359)		29,208
The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:				
Deferred outflows increased (decreased) Deferred inflows (increased) decreased Net pension liability (increased) decreased	\$	1,378,168 117,441 (1,890,607)		(394,998)
The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:				

Deferred outflows increased (decreased) Deferred inflows (increased) decreased

Net OPEB liability (increased) decreased

CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT B-1)

Exhibit E-1

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund August 31, 2019

Data		865
Control Codes		Agency Fund
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 66,274
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 66,274
	LIABILITIES	
2190	Due to student groups	\$ 66,274
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 66,274

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Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (the District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

B. Reporting Entity

The Onalaska Independent School District (the District) is governed by a seven-member board of trustees (the Board), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public, elementary and secondary, education within the District. Members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenues (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *agency fund* accounts for assets held by the District for student organizations. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement or results of operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds are eliminated in governmental activities.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service and note payable expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items, including property taxes, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and bank demand or time deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments for the District, except for certain investment pools, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or fair value.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and sidewalks associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the District chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and improvements and construction in progress are not depreciated. The buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	10-40 5-15

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension and OPEB activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and OPEB plan, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date of each plan are recognized in the subsequent fiscal year.
- Deferred charge/gain on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

6. Compensated Absences

Vacation

The District does not have a liability for unpaid vacation at year-end due to the District's policy not allowing a carryover of vacation not taken by August 31.

Sick Leave

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees end employment with the District and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Notes to the Financial Statements

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of trustees (the Board) is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by board action or adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the board action or adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has by policy authorized the superintendent or his designee to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

10. Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Pension Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's Pension Plan fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of July 1 of each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

H. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements.

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and campus/department. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus/department. Transfers of appropriations between campus/departments require the approval of the District's management. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. The District made several supplemental budgetary amendments during the year.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at August 31, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities are approved by the TEA and shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2019, the District's banks' balances at the local bank were insured and collateralized with securities held by the District's agent and in the District's name.

B. Receivables

Tax revenues of the general and debt service funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total change in uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period increased (decreased) revenues as follows:

Change in uncollectibles related to general fund property taxes Change in uncollectibles related to debt service property taxes	\$ 985 343
Total change in uncollectibles of the current fiscal year	\$ 1,328

Approximately 68% of the outstanding balance of property taxes receivable is anticipated to go uncollected within the next year.

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

1. Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund receivable/payable balances as of August 31, 2019, is as follows:

Fund	 nterfund ceivables	 Interfund Payables		
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 149,875 -	\$ - 149,875		
Total	\$ 149,875	\$ 149,875		

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that generally result from payroll and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 129,553	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,553
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	129,553	-	-	129,553
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	22,583,905	28,508	-	22,612,413
Furniture and equipment	1,738,955	234,716	(6,500)	1,967,171
Total capital assets, being depreciated	24,322,860	263,224	(6,500)	24,579,584
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(6,127,474)	(625,069)	-	(6,752,543)
Furniture and equipment	(1,266,036)	(95,236)	6,500	(1,354,772)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,393,510)	(720,305)	6,500	(8,107,315)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	16,929,350	(457,081)		16,472,269
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,058,903	\$ (457,081)	\$ -	\$ 16,601,822

Depreciation expense charged to functions/programs of the District was as follows:

Governmental activities:	
11 Instruction	\$ 394,486
12 Instructional resources and media services	22,860
13 Curriculum and staff development	12,301
23 School leadership	15,084
31 Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	6,461
33 Health services	1,614
34 Student transportation	73,986
35 Food service	47,850
36 Extracurricular activities	119,727
41 General administration	1,464
51 Plant maintenance and operations	22,549
52 Security and monitoring services	 1,923
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 720,305

Notes to the Financial Statements

E. Long-term Liabilities

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, note payable, and net pension and OPEB liability. The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. Other long-term liabilities are generally liquidated with resources of the general fund.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 11,561,479	\$ -	\$ (401,725)	\$ 11,159,754	\$ 396,794
Premium on bonds	1,428,369	-	(93,882)	1,334,487	-
Accreted interest (CAB)	922,552	50,019	(203,275)	769,296	218,206
Total bonds payable, net	13,912,400	50,019	(698,882)	13,263,537	615,000
Note payable	560,413	-	(35,748)	524,665	36,590
Net pension liability	2,252,182	2,144,157	(253,550)	4,142,789	-
Net OPEB liability	5,940,515	827,537	(474,078)	6,293,974	
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 22,665,510	\$ 3,021,713	\$ (1,462,258)	\$ 24,224,965	\$ 651,590

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school buildings (BLDG) and to refund general obligation bonds (REF).

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These bonds are issued as 14-25 year current interest and capital appreciation bonds (CAB) with various amounts of principal maturing each year.

The following is a summary of changes in the general obligation bonds for the fiscal year:

Series	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Add	itions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance
2011 REF CAB	2.85-4.20%	\$ 1,887,206	2025	\$ 661,479	\$	-	\$	(131,725)	\$ 529,754
2011 REF	4.00-4.20%	2,710,000	2032	2,710,000		-		-	2,710,000
2014 BLDG	2.00-4.00%	9,445,000	2039	8,190,000		-		(270,000)	 7,920,000
Totals				\$ 11,561,479	\$	-	\$	(401,725)	\$ 11,159,754

Notes to the Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending				Total
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Re	equirements
2020	\$ 396,794	\$ 628,101	\$	1,024,895
2021	388,555	632,940		1,021,495
2022	386,817	636,128		1,022,945
2023	386,408	637,687		1,024,095
2024	387,182	637,763		1,024,945
2025	383,998	636,497		1,020,495
2026	680,000	345,795		1,025,795
2027	705,000	318,395		1,023,395
2028	735,000	289,895		1,024,895
2029	760,000	260,195		1,020,195
2030	790,000	229,295		1,019,295
2031	825,000	196,833		1,021,833
2032	860,000	162,835		1,022,835
2033	440,000	136,700		576,700
2034	460,000	119,100		579,100
2035	475,000	103,000		578,000
2036	495,000	84,000		579,000
2037	515,000	64,200		579,200
2038	535,000	43,600		578,600
2039	555,000	22,200		577,200
Totals	\$ 11,159,754	 6,185,159	\$	17,344,913

In prior years, the District defeased certain previously issued and outstanding bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At August 31, 2018, there were no outstanding defeased bonds.

As of August 31, 2019, the District had \$80,000 authorized but unissued bonds from the May 10, 2014 bond election.

Note Payable

The District issued a time warrant note to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school facilities. The time warrant note is secured by maintenance and operations property tax revenues. The note issued as a 15 year current interest note.

The following is a summary of changes in the note payable for the fiscal year:

Description	Interest Rate	 Original Issue	Maturity Date	eginning Salance	Add	ditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance
2016 Time Warrant	2.34%	\$ 612,500	2031	\$ 560,413	\$	-	\$	(35,748)	\$ 524,665
Totals				\$ 560,413	\$	-	\$	(35,748)	\$ 524,665

Notes to the Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note payable are as follows:

Year Ending						Total
August 31,	Р	rincipal	lr	nterest	Req	uirements
2020	\$	36,590	\$	12,064	\$	48,654
2021		37,451		11,203		48,654
2022		38,332		10,322		48,654
2023		39,235		9,419		48,654
2024		40,158		8,496		48,654
2025		41,103		7,551		48,654
2026		42,071		6,583		48,654
2027		43,061		5,593		48,654
2028		44,074		4,580		48,654
2029		45,112		3,542		48,654
2030		46,173		2,481		48,654
2031		47,260		1,394		48,654
2032		24,045		281		24,326
Totals	\$	524,665	\$	83,509	\$	608,174

F. Fund Balance

Other committed fund balance includes the following commitments of funds:

General fund - transportation	\$ 35,240
General fund - facility maintenance and capital projects	180,493
General fund - technology	25,500
Other governmental fund - campus activity	75,913
Total other committed fund balance	\$ 317,146

G. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current fiscal year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General	 Debt Service	onmajor ernmental Funds	Totals
Property taxes Investment income Food sales Extracurricular activities Other	\$ 5,998,166 108,029 - 14,414 73,318	\$ 1,071,545 7,234 - - -	\$ - 8,811 77,410 187,961 -	\$ 7,069,711 124,074 77,410 202,375 73,318
Totals	\$ 6,193,927	\$ 1,078,779	\$ 274,182	\$ 7,546,888

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 4. Other Information

A. Risk Management

Property/Casualty Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property/liability losses for which the District participates in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (Fund) for property/liability insurance. The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for coverages and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays a premium to the Fund for its property/casualty coverage and transfers the risk of loss to the Fund. The District's agreement with the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and may provide, through commercial companies, reinsurance contracts. In the event that the Fund was to discontinue operations, the member districts would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the Fund. In addition, there were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Insurance

During the fiscal year end August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by TRS Active-Care (the Plan) a statewide health coverage program of Texas public education employees, implemented by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The District paid premiums of \$160 per month, per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to the TRS. The legislature created the Plan for public school employee group health coverage in 2002-03, requiring all Districts with fewer than 500 employees to participate in the Plan.

Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Deep East Texas Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund. The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for workers' compensation coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its workers' compensation coverage and transfers the risk of loss to the Fund. The District's agreement with the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies, reinsurance contracts. The Fund maintains stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$1,000,000 per individual. In the event that the Fund was to discontinue operations, the member districts would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the Fund. In addition, there were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingencies

The District participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through August 31, 2019, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies. The District is also subject to audit by the TEA of the attendance data upon which payments from the agency are based. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments. Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc cost of living adjustments can be granted by the Texas Legislature as previously noted in the Plan Description.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriation Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for plan fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same. Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	2019	2018	2017
Member	7.7%	7.7%	7.7%
Non-employer contributing entity (state)	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%
Employers/district	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

District contributions	\$ 234,900
Member contributions	552,731
NECE on-behalf contributions (state)	365,480

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the GAA.

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall
 contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for
 certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all
 other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date August 31, 2017 rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset valuation method Market Value

Single discount rate

Long-term expected rate

6.907%
7.25%

Municipal bond rate as of August 2018 3.69%. Source for the rate is the Fixed

Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in the 2017 to 2116

projection period (100 years) 2116 Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

	Long-term	Expected
	Expected	Contribution to
	Geometric	Long-term
Target	Real Rate	Portfolio
Allocation*	of Return**	Returns
18.0%	5.7%	1.0%
13.0%	6.9%	0.9%
9.0%	8.9%	0.8%
4.0%	3.5%	0.1%
13.0%	10.2%	1.3%
11.0%	1.1%	0.1%
-	-	-
4.0%	3.1%	0.1%
1.0%	(0.3%)	-
3.0%	0.7%	-
14.0%	5.2%	0.7%
5.0%	7.5%	0.4%
-	-	-
5.0%	3.7%	0.2%
		2.3%
		(0.8%)
100.0%		7.2%
	Allocation* 18.0% 13.0% 9.0% 4.0% 13.0% 11.0% - 4.0% 1.0% 3.0% 14.0% 5.0% - 5.0%	Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return** 18.0% 5.7% 13.0% 6.9% 9.0% 8.9% 4.0% 3.5% 13.0% 10.2% 11.0% 1.1% 4.0% 3.1% (0.3%) 3.0% 0.7% 14.0% 5.2% 5.0% 7.5% 5.0% 3.7%

^{*} Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model

^{**} Capital market assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (2017 Q4)

^{***} The volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net pension liability for TRS calculated using the discount rate of 6.907%, as well as the District's proportionate share of the respective net pension liability if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

			Current		
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase					
	(5.907%)		(6.907%)		(7.907%)
\$	6,252,462	\$	4.142.789	\$	2.434.883

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$4,142,789 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,142,789
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	5,650,413
Total	\$ 9,793,202

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0075265%, which was an increase of 0.0004829% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.
- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,189,138 and revenue of \$559,240 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported the deferred outflows of resources for contribution made after the measurement date and its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	R	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,823	\$	101,648
Changes of assumptions		1,493,675		46,677
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		78,606
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
(cost sharing-plan)		615,022		97
District contributions paid after measurement date		234,900		-
Totals	\$	2,369,420	\$	227,028

\$234,900 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred inflows of resources) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$ 489,560 324,136 281,767 342,535 289,168 180,326
Total	\$ 1,907,492

D. Defined Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

Notes to the Financial Statements

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates
Effective January 1, 2018-December 31, 2018

	Medicare		Non-medicare	
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and spouse		529		689
Retiree* and children		468		408
Retiree and family		1,020		999

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	2019	2018	2017
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Non-employer contribution entity (state)	1.25%	1.25%	1.00%
Employers/District	0.75%	0.75%	0.55%
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%	1.25%	1.00%

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

District contributions	\$ 76,177
Member contributions	46,659
NECE on-behalf contributions (state)	105,212

In addition, the State of Texas contributed \$21,966, \$25,568 and \$30,049 in 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively, for on-behalf payments for Medicare Part D.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the fiscal year 2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in fiscal year 2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

Actuarial Assumptions

A change was made in the measurement date of the total OPEB liability for this fiscal year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2018. This is the first year using the roll forward procedures.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including mortality and most of the economic assumptions used in this OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation.

The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Expenses

Notes to the Financial Statements

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date August 31, 2017, rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Discount rate

3.69%. Sourced from fixed Income

municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal taxexempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20- Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

Aging factors

Based on plan specific experience

Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.

Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care

benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

Projected annual salary increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Healthcare trend rates Initial medical trend rates of 107.74

percent and 9.00 percent for Medicare retirees and an initial medical trend rate of 6.75 percent for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rate of 11.00 percent for all retirees. The first year trend increase for the Medicare Advantage (medical) premiums reflects the anticipated return of the

Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020.

Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes None

In this valuation, the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 0.27% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability for TRS-Care if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.69%).

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumptions

		Cur	rent Single		
1%	Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase				
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)		(4.69%)	
\$	7,491,992	\$	6,293,974	\$	5,346,265

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the assumed health-care cost trend rate:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumptions

			Current		
		Hea	Ithcare Cost		
1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rate	19	6 Increase
	(7.5%) (8.5%)				(9.5%)
\$	5,227,248	\$	6,293,974	\$	7,698,875

Notes to the Financial Statements

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$6,293,974 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 6,293,974
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	5,790,672
Total	\$ 12,084,646

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0126054% which was a decrease of 0.0010553% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This changed increased the total OPEB liability.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the total OPEB liability \$2.3 billion.
- Change of benefit terms since the prior measurement date made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$293,542 and revenue of \$210,630 for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Financial Statements

At August 31, 2019, the District reported the District's contributions paid after the measurement date and its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	333,998	\$	99,328
Changes of assumptions		105,029		1,890,978
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB investments		1,101		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions (cost-sharing plan)		24		579,014
District contributions paid after measurement date		76,177		-
Totals	\$	516,329	\$	2,569,320

\$76,177 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred inflows of resources) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$ (319,741) (319,741) (319,741) (319,949) (320,068) (529,928)
Total	\$ (2,129,168)

E. Joint Venture-Shared Service Arrangement

The District participates in the following shared service arrangement:

Polk County Special Services Cooperative

The District participates in a shared service arrangement for special education funded under IDEA-B Formula and Preschool and for the education of students with a visual impairment funded under State Supplemental Visually Impaired Funds with other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The revenues and expenditures are disclosed in the financial statements of the fiscal agent, Corrigan-Camden I.S.D. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

F. Nonmonetary Transactions

During 2019, the District received textbooks purchased by the State of Texas for the benefit of the District for a purchase price of \$5,686. The District receives the textbooks as part of state funding for textbook allotment. The textbooks have been recorded in the amount of \$5,686 in a special revenue fund as both state revenues and expenditures, which represents the amount of consideration given by the State of Texas.

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Required Supplementary Information

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Exhibit G-1

Variance with

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

Data Control			Budgeted	d Am	ounts		Final Budget Positive		
Codes		Original Final				Actual	(Negative)		
	REVENUES					 			
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	6,029,786	\$	6,029,786	\$ 6,193,927	\$	164,141	
5800	State program revenues		4,048,803		4,753,152	5,447,832		694,680	
5900	Federal program revenues		118,000		118,000	 214,272		96,272	
5020	Total revenues		10,196,589		10,900,938	11,856,031		955,093	
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		5,666,115		6,335,412	6,316,065		19,347	
0012	Instructional resources and media services		17,000		17,000	12,876		4,124	
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		110,205		118,747	108,441		10,306	
0021	Instructional leadership		158,215		191,733	178,903		12,830	
0023	School leadership		633,507		682,257	666,262		15,995	
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		162,678		170,178	164,344		5,834	
0033	Health services		118,345		118,345	102,501		15,844	
0034	Student transportation		495,136		567,564	521,171		46,393	
0035	Food services		100		100	-		100	
0036	Extracurricular activities		334,739		344,338	339,612		4,726	
0041	General administration		463,028		463,028	456,876		6,152	
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		1,262,150		1,281,657	1,211,758		69,899	
0052	Security and monitoring services		64,945		86,138	83,695		2,443	
0053	Data processing services		263,771		299,721	279,576		20,145	
	Debt service:								
0071	Principal on long-term debt		35,749		35,749	35,748		1	
0072	Interest on long-term debt		12,906		12,906	12,906		-	
0073	Issuance costs and fees		500		500	-		500	
	Intergovernmental:								
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements		255,000		255,000	214,278		40,722	
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		142,500		148,625	 148,623		2	
6030	Total expenditures		10,196,589		11,128,998	10,853,635		275,363	
1200	Net change in fund balance		-		(228,060)	1,002,396		1,230,456	
0100	Fund balance - beginning		4,121,491		4,121,491	 4,121,491		-	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	4,121,491	\$	3,893,431	\$ 5,123,887	\$	1,230,456	

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Five Fiscal Years*

	 2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0075265%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,142,789
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	5,650,413
TOTALS	\$ 9,793,202
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,864,319
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	60.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.74%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31 of the prior year. Ten years of date is not available.

2018	2017		2016	2015
0.0070437%		0.0066222%	0.0057989%	0.0041913%
\$ 2,252,182	\$	2,502,442	\$ 2,049,834	\$ 1,119,555
 3,275,411		3,636,219	 3,598,759	 3,161,613
\$ 5,527,593	\$	6,138,661	\$ 5,648,593	\$ 4,281,168
\$ 6,379,090	\$	5,679,385	\$ 5,311,762	\$ 5,298,625
35.31%		44.06%	38.59%	21.13%
82.17%		78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas Pension Plan For the Last Five Fiscal Years*

	2019
TRS Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 234,900
required contributions	 (234,900)
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ <u>-</u>
District's covered payroll	7,178,324
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.27%

^{*}The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end August 31.

Ten years of data is not available.

2018	2017		2016	 2015
\$ 249,195	\$ 228,877	\$ 210,311		\$ 171,426
(249,195)	(228,877)		(210,311)	(171,426)
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
6,864,319	6,379,090		5,679,385	5,311,762
3.63%	3.59%		3.70%	3.23%

Exhibit G-4

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer OPEB Plan Teacher Retirement System of Texas Last Two Fiscal Years*

		 2018	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.0126054%	0.0136607%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,293,974	\$ 5,940,515
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		5,790,672	5,032,061
Total	\$	12,084,646	\$ 10,972,576
District's covered payroll	\$	6,864,319	\$ 6,379,090
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		91.69%	93.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.57%	0.91%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31 of the prior year. Ten years of date is not available.

Exhibit G-5

Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas OPEB Plan Last Two Fiscal Years*

TDC	2019				
TRS Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	76,177	\$	84,284	
required contributions		(76,177)		(84,284)	
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$	-	\$	-	
District's covered payroll		7,178,324		6,864,319	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.06%		1.23%	

^{*}The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end August 31. Ten years of data is not available.

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Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budget

A. Budgetary Information

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the general fund, debt service fund, and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 and adopted by August 31 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is formally approved and adopted by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus or department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses or departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

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Supplementary Information

Onalaska Independent School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds August 31, 2019

		211 240			;	244	255				
Data Control Codes	Control		ESSA Title I Improving Basic Programs			Bı	National School eakfast/ ch Program	Tec	eer and h Basic Grant	ESSA Title II Training and Recruiting	
-	ASSETS										
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	274,409	\$	-	\$	-		
1240	Due from other governments		28,932		22,555		2,464		21,491		
1290	Other receivables		-		-		-		-		
1300	Inventories		-		47,646				-		
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	28,932	\$	344,610	\$	2,464	\$	21,491		
	LIABILITIES										
2110	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	15,477	\$	-	\$	-		
2160	Accrued wages payable		8,847		19,207		-		-		
2170	Due to other funds		20,085		-		2,464		21,491		
2000	Total liabilities		28,932		34,684		2,464		21,491		
	FUND BALANCES										
3450	Restricted - grant funds		-		309,926		-		-		
3545	Committed - other		-		-		-		-		
3000	Total fund balances		-		309,926		-		-		
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	28,932	\$	344,610	\$	2,464	\$	21,491		

2	70	289	410	4	27	4	129	461 Campus Activity Funds			
Inc	and Low- come gram	ous Federal Grants	Textbook Fund	Wor	exas kforce mission		K Grant ogram			Fu	Total onmajor ınds (See hibit C-1)
\$	- 760 - -	\$ - 10,870 - -	\$ - 94,205 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	75,875 - 700 -	\$	350,284 181,277 700 47,646
\$	760	\$ 10,870	\$ 94,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,575	\$	579,907
\$	- - 760	\$ - - 10,870	\$ - - 94,205	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	662 - -	\$	16,139 28,054 149,875
	760	10,870	94,205		-		-		662		194,068
	- -	 	 - -		- -		-		- 75,913		309,926 75,913
		 	 -		-		-		75,913		385,839
\$	760	\$ 10,870	\$ 94,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,575	\$	579,907

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Special Revenue Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

		211		240		244			255
Data Control Codes			ESSA Title I Improving Basic Programs		National School Breakfast/ Lunch Program		eer and h Basic Grant	ESSA Title II Training and Recruiting	
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$		\$	84,004	\$		\$	
5800	State program revenues	Φ	-	Φ	3.800	Φ	-	Φ	-
5900	Federal program revenues		414,688		846,417		20,463		48,163
5020	Total revenues		414,688		934,221		20,463		48,163
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		245,600		-		20,463		-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		22,132		-		-		48,163
0021	Instructional leadership		144,012		-		-		-
0034	Student transportation		2,944		-		-		-
0035	Food services		-		931,118		-		-
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-
6030	Total expenditures		414,688		931,118		20,463		48,163
1200	Net change in fund balances		-		3,103		-		-
0100	Fund balances - beginning		-	-	306,823		-		-
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	-	\$	309,926	\$	-	\$	-

	270		289		410	427		4	129		461		
Ir	ural and Low- Income Various Federa Program Grants			State Textbook Fund		Texas Workforce Commission		Pre-K Grant Program		Campus Activity Funds		Fu	Total Ionmajor unds (See thibit C-2)
\$	- - 19,862	\$	- - 30,171	\$	- 125,582 -	\$	- 69,030 -	\$	- 700 -	\$	190,178 - -	\$	274,182 199,112 1,379,764
	19,862		30,171		125,582		69,030		700		190,178		1,853,058
	19,862		30,171		125,287		69,030		-		-		510,413
	-		-		295 -		-		700 -		-		71,290 144,012
	- - -		- - -		- - -		-		-		- - 172,961		2,944 931,118 172,961
	19,862		30,171		125,582		69,030		700		172,961		1,832,738
	-		-		-		-		-		17,217		20,320
	-		-		-		-		-		58,696		365,519
\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,913	\$	385,839

Onalaska Independent School District Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

1000 TOTALS

Year Ended		Tax	Rates		Assessed/ Appraised Value for School
August 31,	M	aintenance	D	ebt Service	 Tax Purposes
2010 and prior years	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$ Various
2011		1.0400		0.14000	378,728,814
2012		1.0400		0.12800	386,966,695
2013		1.0400		0.12500	401,325,494
2014		1.0400		0.11600	434,566,349
2015		1.0400		0.25883	447,789,780
2016		1.0400		0.23980	480,533,599
2017		1.0400		0.19500	506,208,907
2018		1.0400		0.20890	545,051,806
2019		1.0600		0.18890	555,868,044

10 20 31 32 40 50

В	eginning Balance /1/2018	 Current Year's otal Levy		aintenance Collections	Debt Service Collections			Entire Year's ljustments	E	Ending Balance 731/2019
\$	159,423	\$ -	\$	10,560	\$	1,626	\$	(20,506)	\$	126,731
	34,504	-		2,761		371		(1,085)		30,287
	29,684	-		1,882	232			(1,110)		26,460
	32,463	-	4,122			496	(771			27,074
	44,770	-	9,039			1,008		(925)		33,798
	53,696	-		11,560		2,877		470		39,729
	81,734	-		16,353		3,771		614		62,224
	107,882	-		26,194		4,911		(3,586)		73,191
	241,000	-		98,014		19,692	(11,501)			111,793
	-	6,942,236		5,681,245		1,012,441		(26,408)		222,142
\$	785,156	\$ 6,942,236	\$	5,861,730	\$	1,047,425	\$	(64,808)	\$	753,429

Exhibit J-2

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual National School Breakfast and Lunch Program For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

Data Control			Budgetec	l Amo	unts		Fina	ance with al Budget Positive
Codes		Original Final		Actual	(Negative)			
RE	EVENUES					_		
5700 I	Local and intermediate sources	\$	84,002	\$	84,002	\$ 84,004	\$	2
5800	State program revenues		3,000		3,000	3,800		800
5900 I	Federal program revenues		748,483		748,483	846,417		97,934
5020	Total revenues		835,485		835,485	934,221		98,736
EX	(PENDITURES							
Cı	urrent:							
0035 I	Food services		835,485		1,008,585	 931,118		77,467
6030	Total expenditures		835,485		1,008,585	931,118		77,467
1200	Net change in fund balance		-		(173,100)	3,103		176,203
0100 Fu	und balance - beginning		306,823		306,823	306,823		
3000 FL	JND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	306,823	\$	133,723	\$ 309,926	\$	176,203

Exhibit J-3

Onalaska Independent School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

Data Control		 Budgeted	d Amo	ounts		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
Codes		 Original		Final	Actual	(N	egative)
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 990,175	\$	990,175	\$ 1,078,779	\$	88,604
5800	State program revenues	 33,820		33,820	 33,156		(664)
5020	Total revenues	1,023,995		1,023,995	1,111,935		87,940
	EXPENDITURES						
	Debt service:						
0071	Principal on long-term debt	401,725		401,725	605,000		(203,275)
0072	Interest on long-term debt	621,270		621,270	417,995		203,275
0073	Issuance costs and fees	 1,000		1,000	1,000		-
6030	Total expenditures	 1,023,995		1,023,995	1,023,995		
1200	Net change in fund balance	-		-	87,940		87,940
0100	Fund balance - beginning	 1,084,367		1,084,367	1,084,367		
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,084,367	\$	1,084,367	\$ 1,172,307	\$	87,940

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Overall Compliance, Internal Control Section
and Federal Awards

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District Onalaska, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Onalaska Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Siduell, L.S.P.

Conroe, Texas October 15, 2019



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District Onalaska, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Onalaska Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

The Board of Trustees of Onalaska Independent School District

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Siduell L.L.P.

Conroe, Texas October 15, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

Section 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued
 Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

No

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance with major programs

Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?

No

7. Identification of major programs

Child Nutrition Cluster 10.553 and 10.555

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal programs

\$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

No

Section 2. Financial Statement Findings

None reported

Section 3. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

Prior Year Findings

Finding 2018-00: Check Disbursement Approvals

Material Weakness

Criteria

For proper segregation of duties, the District's policy is to have the Superintendent or Business Manager sign the check as proof of authorization for the distribution of payments to vendors of the District.

Current Status

The District put additional procedures in place to resolve prior year finding 2018-00 for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2019.

Exhibit K-1

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

(1) Federal Grantor/	(2) Federal	(2A)	(3) Federal Expenditures		
Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Project Number			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through State Department of Education:					
ESEA Title I, Part A-Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	19610101187910	\$	414,688	
Career and Technology - Basic Grant	84.048A	19420006187910		20,463	
ESEA Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2 - Rural and Low Income School	84.358B	19696001187910		19,862	
ESEA Title II, Part A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367A	19694501187910		48,163	
ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	19680101187910		26,477	
Project Serv Hurricane Recovery Grant	84.938G	18510701187910		3,694	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				533,347	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program Pass Through State Department of Education- Cash Assistance:	10.555	00917		53,586	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401901 71301901		275,931	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71301901		516,900	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				846,417	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				846,417	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,379,764	

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Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Onalaska Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. National School Lunch Program non-cash commodities are recorded at their estimated market value at the time of donation.

Note 2. De Minimis Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3. Reconciliation to Basic Financial Statements

Presented below is a reconciliation of federal revenues:

Total expenditures of federal awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 1,379,764
General fund - federal revenue:	
School health and related services (SHARS)	 214,272
Total federal revenues per Exhibit C-2	\$ 1,594,036

Exhibit L-1

Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators (Unaudited) For the Year Ending August 31, 2019

D	ata
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Codes		R	esponses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$	769,296
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	4,142,789